ARL 01-37 **CENTRAL FAX CENTER** DCT 0 9 2007

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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of Claims will replace all prior versions and listings of Claims in the Application.

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-12 (cancelled)

Claim 13 (currently amended): An electrolyte solution for a metal-oxygen battery where exygen is reduced at a cathode surface to produce O⁻²-or-O₂-2 ions, the electrolyte comprising:

a lithium salt selected from the group consisting of LiPF₆, LiBF₄, LiClO₄, LiC(SO₂CF₃)₃, LiN(SO₂CF₃)₂, LiO₃SCF₂CF₃, LiO₃SC₆F₅, LiO₂CCF₃, LiP(C₆H5)₄, LiCF₃SO₃; and

a non-aqueous solvent comprises a material selected from the group consisting of dimethyl carbonate (DMC), dipropyl carbonate (DPC), diethyl carbonate (DEC), ethyl methyl carbonate (EMC), tetrahydrofuran (THF), and 1,2 dimethoxyethane (DME), wherein the exygen solubility of the solvent is at least 0.1150 or O₂/co at STP;

a non-aqueous solvent selected from the group of solvents having an oxygen solubility of greater than 0.1632 cc O₂/cc solvent at STP consisting of dimethyl carbonate (DMC), dipropyl carbonate (DPC), diethyl carbonate (DEC), ethyl methyl carbonate (EMC), tetrahydrofuran (THF), and 1,2-dimethoxyethane (DME), in combination with one or more solvents having an oxygen solubility of less than $0.1150 \text{ cc } O_2/\text{cc}$ solvent at STP selected from a group consisting of propylene carbonate (PC), ethylene carbonate (EC), and γ-butyrolactone (γ-BL);

wherein the oxygen solubility of the solvent combination is at least 0.1150 cc O₂/cc at STP; and

wherein oxygen is reduced at a cathode surface of the metal-oxygen battery to produce O⁻² or O₂⁻² ions and an increase in the amount of dissolved oxygen in the electrolyte increases the specific capacity of the cathode.

Claim 14 (currently amended): A metal-oxygen hattery where oxygen is reduced at a eathode to produce Θ^2 or Θ_2 ions, the battery comprising:

a metal-containing anode;

a cathode for reducing the oxygen; and

an electrolyte solution of a lithium salt selected from the group consisting of LiPF₆, LiBF₄, LiClO₄, LiC(SO₂CF₃)₃, LiN(SO₂CF₃)₂, LiO₃SCF₂CF₃, LiO₃SC₆F₅, LiO₂CCF₃, LiP(C₆H5)₄, LiCF₃SO₃; and

a non-aqueous solvent for the electrolyte selected from the group of solvents having an oxygen solubility of greater than 0.1632 cc O₂/cc solvent at STP consisting of dimethyl carbonate (DMC), dipropyl carbonate (DPC), diethyl carbonate (DEC), ethyl methyl carbonate (EMC), tetrahydrofuran (THF), and 1,2-dimethoxyethane (DME), in combination with one or more solvents having an oxygen solubility of less than 0.1150 cc O₂/cc solvent at STP selected from a group consisting of propylene carbonate (PC), ethylene carbonate (EC), and γ-butyrolactone (γ-BL);

wherein the oxygen solubility of the solvent combination is at least 0.1150 cc

O2/cc at STP-STP; and

wherein oxygen is reduced at a cathode surface of the metal-oxygen battery to produce O-2 or O2-2 ions and an increase in the amount of dissolved oxygen in the electrolyte increases the specific capacity of the cathode.

Claim 15 (previously presented): The metal-oxygen battery of claim 14, wherein the cathode comprises carbon.

Claim 16 (currently amended): A lithium-oxygen battery where oxygen is reduced at a cathode to produce O^{-2} or O_2 ions which react with lithium to produce Li_2O_2 , that deposit on the cathode, the battery comprising:

- a lithium metal-containing anode;
- a cathode for reducing oxygen;

an electrolyte solution of a lithium salt selected from the group consisting of LiPF₆, LiBF₄, LiClO₄, LiC(SO₂CF₃)₃, LiN(SO₂CF₃)₂, LiO₃SCF₂CF₃, LiO₃SC₆F₅, LiO₂CCF₃, LiP(C₆H₅)₄, LiCF₃SO₃; and

a non aqueous solvent for the electrolyte selected from the group consisting of dimethyl carbonate (DMC), dipropyl carbonate (DPC), diethyl carbonate (DEC), ethyl methyl carbonate (EMC), tetrahydrofuran (THF), and 1,2-dimethoxyethane (DME), wherein the oxygen solubility of the solvent is at least 0.1150 ee O₂/ee at STP.

a non-aqueous solvent selected from the group of solvents having an oxygen solubility of greater than 0.1632 cc O₂/cc solvent at STP consisting of dimethyl carbonate (DMC), dipropyl carbonate (DPC), diethyl carbonate (DEC), ethyl methyl carbonate (EMC), tetrahydrofuran (THF), and 1.2-dimethoxyethane (DME), in combination with one or more solvents having an oxygen solubility of less than 0.1150 cc O₂/cc solvent at STP selected from a group consisting of propylene carbonate (PC), ethylene carbonate (EC), and γ-butyrolactone (γ-BL);

wherein the oxygen solubility of the solvent combination is at least 0.1150 cc

O₂/cc at STP; and

where oxygen is reduced at a cathode to produce O⁻² or O₂⁻² ions which react with lithium to produce Li₂O₂, that deposits on the cathode.

Claim 17 (currently amended): The lithium-metal battery of claim 17 16 wherein the cathode comprises carbon.

Claim 18 (withdrawn): An electrolyte solution for a metal-oxygen battery where oxygen is reduced at a cathode surface to produce O⁻² or O₂⁻² ions, the electrolyte comprising:

a lithium salt selected from the group consisting of LiPF₆, LiBF₄, LiClO₄, LiC(SO₂CF₃)₃, LiN(SO₂CF₃)₂, LiO₃SCF₂CF₃, LiO₃SC₆F₅, LiO₂CCF₃, LiP(C₆H5)₄, LiCF₃SO₃; and

a non-aqueous solvent further comprising a combination of propylene carbonate and at least one of a material selected from the group consisting of dimethyl carbonate

(DMC), dipropyl carbonate (DPC), dicthyl carbonate (DEC), ethyl methyl carbonate (EMC), tetrahydrofuran (THF), and 1,2-dimethoxyethane (DME), wherein the oxygen solubility of the solvent is at least 0.1150 cc O₂/cc at STP.

Claim 19 (withdrawn): A metal-oxygen battery where oxygen is reduced at a cathode to produce O^{-2} or O_2^{-2} ions, the battery comprising:

a metal-containing anode;

a cathode for reducing the oxygen;

an electrolyte solution of a lithium salt selected from the group consisting of LiPF₆, LiBF₄, LiClO₄, LiC(SO₂CF₃)₃, LiN(SO₂CF₃)₂, LiO₃SCF₂CF₃, LiO₃SC₆F₅, LiO₂CCF₃, LiP(C₆H₅)₄, LiCF₃SO₃; and

a non-aqueous solvent further comprising a combination of propylene carbonate and at least one of a material selected from the group consisting of dimethyl carbonate (DMC), dipropyl carbonate (DPC), diethyl carbonate (DEC), ethyl methyl carbonate (EMC), tetrahydrofuran (THF), and 1,2-dimethoxyethane (DME), wherein the oxygen solubility of the solvent is at least 0.1150 cc O₂/cc at STP.

Claim 20 (withdrawn): The A metal-oxygen battery of claim 19 wherein the metal-containing anode is a lithium metal-containing anode.

Claim 21 (withdrawn): An electrolyte solution for a metal-oxygen battery where oxygen is reduced at a cathode surface to produce O⁻² or O₂⁻² ions, the electrolyte comprising:

a lithium salt selected from the group consisting of LiPF₆, LiBF₄, LiClO₄, LiC(SO₂CF₃)₃, LiN(SO₂CF₃)₂, LiO₃SCF₂CF₃, LiO₃SC₆F₅, LiO₂CCF₃, LiP(C₆H5)₄, LiCF₃SO₃; and

a non-aqueous solvent further comprising a combination of γ-butyrolactone (γ-BL) and at least one of a material selected from the group consisting of dimethyl carbonate (DMC), dipropyl carbonate (DPC), diethyl carbonate (DEC), ethyl methyl carbonate (EMC), tetrahydrofuran (THF), and 1,2-dimethoxyethane (DME), wherein the oxygen solubility of the solvent is at least 0.1150 cc O₂/cc at STP.

Claim 22 (withdrawn): An electrolyte solution for a metal-oxygen battery where oxygen is reduced at a cathode surface to produce O⁻² or O₂⁻² ions, the electrolyte comprising:

a lithium salt selected from the group consisting of LiPF₆, LiBF₄, LiClO₄, LiC(SO₂CF₃)₃, LiN(SO₂CF₃)₂, LiO₃SCF₂CF₃, LiO₃SC₆F₅, LiO₂CCF₃, LiP(C₆H5)₄, LiCF₃SO₃; and

a non-aqueous solvent further comprising a combination of dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) and at least one of a material selected from the group consisting of dimethyl carbonate (DMC), dipropyl carbonate (DPC), diethyl carbonate (DEC), ethyl methyl carbonate (EMC), tetrahydrofuran (THF), and 1,2-dimethoxyethane (DME), wherein the oxygen solubility of the solvent is at least 0.1150 cc O₂/cc at STP.

Claim 23 (withdrawn): An electrolyte solution for a metal-oxygen battery where oxygen is reduced at a cathode surface to produce O^{-2} or O_2^{-2} ions, the electrolyte comprising:

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a lithium salt selected from the group consisting of LiPF₆, LiBF₄, LiClO₄, LiC(SO₂CF₃)₃, LiN(SO₂CF₃)₂, LiO₃SCF₂CF₃, LiO₃SC₆F₅, LiO₂CCF₃, LiP(C₆H5)₄, LiCF₃SO₃; and

a non-aqueous solvent further comprising a combination of N-methyl pyrolidinone (NMP) and at least one of a material selected from the group consisting of dimethyl carbonate (DMC), dipropyl carbonate (DPC), diethyl carbonate (DEC), ethyl methyl carbonate (EMC), tetrahydrofuran (THF), and 1,2-dimethoxyethane (DME), wherein the oxygen solubility of the solvent is at least 0.1150 cc O₂/cc at STP.

Claim 24 (withdrawn): An electrolyte solution for a metal-oxygen battery where oxygen is reduced at a cathode surface to produce O⁻² or O₂⁻² ions, the electrolyte comprising:

a lithium salt selected from the group consisting of LiPF₆, LiBF₄, LiClO₄, LiC(SO₂CF₃)₃, LiN(SO₂CF₃)₂, LiO₃SCF₂CF₃, LiO₃SC₆F₅, LiO₂CCF₃, LiP(C₆H5)₄, LiCF₃SO₃; and

a non-aqueous solvent further comprising a combination of tetraethylene glycol dimethyl ether and at least one of a material selected from the group consisting of dimethyl carbonate (DMC), dipropyl carbonate (DPC), diethyl carbonate (DEC), ethyl methyl carbonate (EMC), tetrahydrofuran (THF), and 1,2-dimethoxycthane (DME), wherein the oxygen solubility of the solvent is at least 0.1150 cc O₂/cc at STP.

Claim 25 (withdrawn): An electrolyte solution for a metal-oxygen battery where oxygen is reduced at a cathode surface to produce O⁻² or O₂⁻² ions, the electrolyte comprising:

a lithium salt selected from the group consisting of LiPF₆, LiBF₄, LiClO₄, LiC(SO₂CF₃)₃, LiN(SO₂CF₃)₂, LiO₃SCF₂CF₃, LiO₃SC₅F₅, LiO₂CCF₃, LiP(C₆H5)₄, LiCF₃SO₃; and

a non-aqueous solvent further comprising a combination of tricthylene glycol dimethyl ether and at least one of a material selected from the group consisting of dimethyl carbonate (DMC), dipropyl carbonate (DPC), dicthyl carbonate (DEC), ethyl methyl carbonate (EMC), tetrahydrofuran (THF), and 1,2-dimethoxyethane (DME), wherein the oxygen solubility of the solvent is at least 0.1150 cc O₂/cc at STP.